Across

- 1. full name of DNA
- 5. base that matches with cytosine in DNA and RNA
- 8. any mistake or change in the DNA sequence
- 11. sequence of Nitrogen-bases along 1 strand of DNA is a code to make proteins
- 13. the structure of DNA was announced on _____ 28, 1953
- 16. organism studied to help scientists figure out the genetic code
- 17. school in England where the DNA structure was discovered
- 18. # of possible codons
- 20. lacking one or more chromosomes
- 22. 20 different structures that make up proteins
- 23. complex polymers of amino acids
- 24. set of 3 Nitrogen-bases
- 25. remaining 3 codons signal the chain to _____
- 27. people credited with the discovery of the structure of DNA
- 30. the zygote usually _____ if it has a chromosomal mutation
- 31. copy that carries the information from DNA out into the cytoplasm of the cell
- 33. brings amino acids to the ribosomes so they can be assembled into proteins
- 35. change in a single base-pair in DNA
- 38. failure of chromosomes to separate during meiosis
- 42. simple sugar of RNA
- 43. random event that causes a change in the DNA sequence
- 44. changing the nformation in a sequence of mRNA bases to a sequence of amino acids that make up proteins
- 45. gamete has 3 complete sets of chromosomes
- 46. cytosine, thymine & uracil

Down

- 1. shape of DNA, looks like a twisted ladder
- 2. also called Trisomy 21
- 3. base that matches with uracil in RNA
- 4. making an RNA copy from DNA
- 6. group shared by DNA & RNA
- 7. international research program that mapped the sequence of DNA in humans
- 9. the zygote has an extra chromosome
- 10. smaller subunits of DNA

- 12. single base is added or deleted from DNA
- 14. type of bonds that join the bases together in DNA
- 15. N = haploid, 2N = diploid, and $3N = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- 17. base that matches with guanine in DNA and RNA
- 19. did not get a Nobel prize for her work with DNA
- 21. if the zygote with a chromosomal mutation develops, it is usually
- 26. occurs when part of a chromosome is broken off and lost during cell division
- 28. made of protein & DNA
- 29. helps produce enzymes needed to bond Amino Acids together when making proteins
- 32. type of protein that breaks the H-bonds in DNA to unzip the molecule
- 34. copying DNA
- 36. base that matches with adenine in RNA
- 37. adenine & guanine
- 39. simple sugar of DNA
- 40. # of codons that code for an amino acid
- 41. base that matches with adenine in DNA